BROOCH

Unique ID: LIN-ADFCCD

Object type certainty: Certain

Workflow status: Awaiting validation

An incomplete Early Anglo-Saxon copper alloy cruciform brooch of Martin's (2015) Group 2 or 3 dating to the period c. AD 475 - 550. Only the headplate and upper bow survive. The headplate is rectangular and divided into three smaller panels. The central panel is brought forward from those flanking it. The brooch has a half-rounded and collared knop at the top, which has been cast integral to the headplate. A single loop for the pin is located on the reverse. The upper bow is arched, and faceted at top and bottom. The lower part of the brooch is missing.

Length: 59.69 mm; Width: 41.89 mm; Thickness (headplate plate): 1.65 mm; Weight 30.11g

Class: Cruciform Sub class: Martin Group 3

Subsequent actions

Subsequent action after recording: Returned to finder

Chronology

Broad period: EARLY MEDIEVAL

Subperiod from: Early

Period from: EARLY MEDIEVAL

Subperiod to: Early

Period to: EARLY MEDIEVAL Date from: Circa AD 475 Date to: Circa AD 550

Dimensions and weight

Quantity: 1

Length: 59.69 mm Width: 41.89 mm Thickness: 1.65 mm Weight: 30.11 g

Personal details

This information is restricted for your access level.

Materials and construction

Primary material: Copper alloy Manufacture method: Cast Completeness: Incomplete

Spatial metadata

Region: East Midlands (European Region)

County or Unitary authority: Lincolnshire (County)

District: South Kesteven (District)

Parish or ward: Lenton Keisby and Osgodby (Civil Parish)

Spatial coordinates

4 Figure: TF0231

Four figure Latitude: 52.86682396 Four figure longitude: -0.48621477

1:25K map: TF0231 1:10K map: TF03SW

Grid reference source: Generated from computer mapping software

Unmasked grid reference accurate to a 1000 metre square.

Discovery metadata

Method of discovery: Metal detector General landuse: Cultivated land

Martin, T., 2015 The Cruciform Brooch and Anglo-Saxon England Woodbridge: Boydell and Brewer