BUCKLE

Unique ID: SOM-4C15FD

Object type certainty: Certain

Workflow status: Awaiting validation

A Post Medieval copper alloy double-looped buckle, probably dating to the 16th century. The buckle has two oval loops with a central cross bar flanked by moulded knops. The buckle frame is planoconvex in cross section and with the outer edge of each frame expanded and moulded into a rossette. Traces of a black lacquer coating survive.

Dimentions: length 42.9mm; width 29.6mm; thickness 3.6mm; weight 8.57g.

Such buckles tend to be attributed a later 16th-century date (Egan 2005, 35; ref. 88, found in a 17th century context but assumed to be residual), although the type must pre-date 1545 as it was found on the *Mary Rose* (Gardiner ed. 2005, 104; ref. 82A5069). The style of buckle is quite a common one: numerous examples are documented in the literature (from, for example, Norwich, Margeson 1993, 31; ref. 174) and on this database.

Subsequent actions

Subsequent action after recording: Returned to finder

Chronology

Broad period: POST MEDIEVAL Period from: POST MEDIEVAL Period to: POST MEDIEVAL Date from: Circa AD 1500 Date to: Circa AD 1600

Dimensions and weight

Quantity: 1

Length: 42.9 mm Width: 29.6 mm Thickness: 3.6 mm Weight: 8.57 g

Personal details

This information is restricted for your access level.

Other reference numbers

Other reference: SCC receipt: 019857

Materials and construction

Primary material: Copper alloy

Completeness: Complete

Spatial metadata

County or Unitary authority: <a>Somerset (County)

District: <u>South Somerset</u> (District)
Parish or ward: <u>Yeovilton</u> (Civil Parish)

Spatial coordinates

4 Figure: ST5423

Four figure Latitude: 51.00453705 Four figure longitude: -2.65697664

1:25K map: ST5423 1:10K map: ST52SW

Grid reference source: Generated from computer mapping software

Unmasked grid reference accurate to a 1000 metre square.

Discovery metadata

Method of discovery: Metal detector General landuse: Cultivated land