VESSEL

Unique ID: NMS-0733CC

Object type certainty: Certain

Workflow status: Awaiting validation

Incomplete medieval to post medieval foot from a cooking vessel such as a cauldron dating to the period c. AD 1300 - 1700. The leg has a worn break at the top, is trapezoidal in cross-section and expands in thickness into the foot. The front is divided by a prominent central mid-rib, with a shallower rib along each long edge. It exhibits heavy sooting.

The vessels to which these were attached were usually of a tripod form and were widely used from circa AD 1200-1700 for serving and cooking. Butler and Green (2003) 15, state 'there is evidence that (cast copper alloy) metal cooking vessels became increasingly common during the 13th and 14th centuries'. While certain specialist cast copper alloy vessels such as skillets remained in use for longer, 'bronze cauldrons in general seem to have been superseded in the early years of the 18th century by cast iron which were cheaper to make and more durable' (ibid; 22).

Subsequent actions

Subsequent action after recording: Returned to finder

Chronology

Broad period: MEDIEVAL Period from: MEDIEVAL Period to: POST MEDIEVAL Date from: Circa AD 1300 Date to: Circa AD 1700

Dimensions and weight

Quantity: 1

Length: 30.5 mm Width: 40 mm Thickness: 15 mm Weight: 63.1 g

Discovery dates

Date(s) of discovery: Thursday 8th December 2016 - Thursday 8th December 2016

Personal details

This information is restricted for your access level.

Other reference numbers

SMR reference number: 33594

Other reference: NHRG062017

Materials and construction

Primary material: Copper alloy

Completeness: Complete

Spatial metadata

Region: Eastern (European Region)

County or Unitary authority: Norfolk (County)

District: North Norfolk (District)

Parish or ward: Felmingham (Civil Parish)

Spatial coordinates

4 Figure: TG2328

Four figure Latitude: 52.80342573 Four figure longitude: 1.30683425

1:25K map: TG2328 1:10K map: TG22NW

Grid reference source: From finder

Unmasked grid reference accurate to a 1000 metre square.