

BROOCH

Unique ID: LANCUM-0AF673

Object type certainty: Certain

Workflow status: Awaiting validation

An incomplete cast copper alloy Early Medieval penannular brooch dating from about 410-699 AD. It is oval in section with lozenge-shaped terminals. The body is circular in plan, the terminals are flat and the pin is missing. Each terminal is approximately 3.3mm in thickness and decorated on the front with a series of five ring and dot motifs (one at each corner with one centrally) bordered by a single incised line; at the base of each terminal is a ribbed collar created by parallel incised grooves and ridges and there are a series of smaller groups of these ribs at intervals along the body. Only the front of the brooch is decorated. Around the edge of the brooch is a single incised line running from base to base of each terminal. The back is somewhat flat and undecorated. The brooch has a dark green patina. A similar brooch may be found on the database at PAS record ID: SOMDOR-AB3935 and NCL-030777; based on information provided by these records, the brooch may be classified as Fowler's Type G.

Class: Penannular **Sub class:** Fowler's Type G

Subsequent actions

Subsequent action after recording: Returned to finder

Chronology

Broad period: EARLY MEDIEVAL

Subperiod from: Early

Period from: EARLY MEDIEVAL

Subperiod to: Middle

Period to: EARLY MEDIEVAL

Date from: Circa AD 410

Date to: Circa AD 699

Dimensions and weight

Quantity: 1

Length: 22 mm

Width: 19.5 mm

Thickness: 3 mm

Weight: 3.73 g

Discovery dates

Date(s) of discovery: Thursday 1st May 2014

Personal details

This information is restricted for your access level.

Materials and construction

Primary material: Copper alloy

Manufacture method: Cast

Completeness: Complete

Spatial metadata

Region: [North West](#) (European Region)

County or Unitary authority: [Cumbria](#) (County)

District: [South Lakeland](#) (District)

To be known as: Dalton

Spatial coordinates

Grid reference source: Centred on field

Unmasked grid reference accurate to a 0.01 metre square.

Discovery metadata

Method of discovery: Metal detector

General landuse: Cultivated land