# HARNESS PENDANT

# Unique ID: WMID-E2F5A2

Object type certainty: Certain Workflow status: Awaiting validation

A complete copper alloy medieval harness pendant. The pendant is shield shaped - with a broadly flat top and curved sides which converge to a pointed base. The pendant has a suspension loop at its apex, at 90 degrees to the plane of the pendant. The front of the pendant depicts an owl facing, with its body side on (cf. London Museum Catalogue, 1940, Plate XVIII, pendant 4). The owl is formed from cream coloured enamel. Grooves highlight the eyes, beak and wing; it is unclear if these were enamelled. Blue enamel remains on the legs, and to a lesser degree, also on the feet. The pendant otherwise has a brown green surface. The pendant measures 46.1mm from the suspension loop to the pointed base, and is 28.0mm wide. It weighs 15.10 grams. In "the Medieval Horse and its Equipment" (2004, Clarke (ed.)), Griffiths (p62) states that pendants would have been suspended from horse harnesses by means of small mounts riveted to the straps (e.g. see record WMID-91E942, and for a complete mount and pendant, see record SWYOR-17FA58). He also points out that although pendants and mounts were copper alloy, the pin that held the two together was usually iron, and with movement, the loop of the pendant frequently wore through. Griffiths concludes: "It is no surprise, therefore, that most pendants occur as isolated finds." (p62) Based on the large number of pendants more recently available for study, Griffiths (1986, cited in Clarke, 2004, p62) states that horse harnesses appear to have been decorated with copper alloy pendants from the 12th century onwards, becoming more numerous in the 13th century. From perhaps the second half of the 13th century heraldric designs appear on pendants, with coats of arms depicted with coloured enamels, silvering, and gilding, and increasingly in the form of small shields. By the end of the 14th century, pendants were in decline with fashions changing to decorative leather or fabric trappings. Based on this work by Griffith's (1986), it is likely that the pendant described in this record can be dated to circa 1250 - 1400.

# **Subsequent** actions

Subsequent action after recording: Returned to finder

# Chronology

Broad period: MEDIEVAL Period from: MEDIEVAL Date from: AD 1250 Date to: AD 1400

#### **Dimensions and weight**

Quantity: 1 Length: 46.1 mm Width: 28 mm Weight: 15.1 g

#### **Discovery dates**

Date(s) of discovery: Tuesday 4th September 2007

# **Personal details**

This information is restricted for your access level.

### Materials and construction

Primary material: Copper alloy Manufacture method: Cast Completeness: Complete Surface Treatment: Inlaid with enamel

# **Spatial metadata**

Region: <u>West Midlands</u> (European Region) County or Unitary authority: <u>Staffordshire</u> (County) District: <u>South Staffordshire</u> (District) Parish or ward: <u>Lapley, Stretton and Wheaton Aston</u> (Civil Parish)

# **Spatial coordinates**

4 Figure: SJ8409 Four figure Latitude: 52.67846 Four figure longitude: -2.238088 1:25K map: SJ8409 1:10K map: SJ80NW Grid reference source: From finder Unmasked grid reference accurate to a 1000 metre square.

London Museum, 1940 London Museum Medieval Catalogue London: HMSO Plate XVIII, 4